# Next steps for breqn 

Morten Høgholm

Technical University of Denmark
TUG 2009, Notre Dame University

## Outline

(1) What breqn does

## A quick example

- \begin\{dmath*\} }

$$
\begin{aligned}
& f(x)=\backslash \text { sum_ }\{k=0\} \sim\{\backslash i n f t y\} \\
& \text { \frac\{f~\{(k) \}(c) \}\{k!\}(x-c)~\{k\} } \\
& =f(c)+f \text { ' }(c)(x-c)+\backslash f r a c\{f \text { ' }(c)\}\{2!\}(x-c) \wedge\{2\} \\
& +\backslash f r a c\{f \wedge\{(3)\}(c)\}\{3!\}(x-c) \wedge\{3\}+\backslash c d o t s \\
& \text { \end\{dmath*\} } }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
f(x)= & \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{f^{(k)}(c)}{k!}(x-c)^{k} \\
= & f(c)+f^{\prime}(c)(x-c)+\frac{f^{\prime \prime}(c)}{2!}(x-c)^{2} \\
& +\frac{f^{(3)}(c)}{3!}(x-c)^{3}+\cdots
\end{aligned}
$$

## Another example

- \begin\{dgroup*\} }
\begin\{dmath\} }
$f(x)=\backslash$ sum_ $\{k=0\} \sim\{\backslash i n f t y\}$
$\backslash f r a c\{f \wedge\{(k)\}(c)\}\{k!\}(x-c) \wedge\{k\}$
$=f(c)+f$ ' $(c)(x-c)+\backslash f r a c\{f$ ' $(c)\}\{2!\}(x-c) \wedge\{2\}$
$+\backslash f r a c\{f \wedge\{(3)\}(c)\}\{3!\}(x-c) \wedge\{3\}+\backslash c d o t s$
\end\{dmath\} }
\begin\{dmath*\} }
$\mathrm{E}=\mathrm{mc}{ }^{\wedge} 2$
\end\{dmath*\} }
\end\{dgroup*\} }


## Another example, cont.

$$
\begin{align*}
f(x)= & \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{f^{(k)}(c)}{k!}(x-c)^{k} \\
= & f(c)+f^{\prime}(c)(x-c)+\frac{f^{\prime \prime}(c)}{2!}(x-c)^{2}  \tag{1}\\
& +\frac{f^{(3)}(c)}{3!}(x-c)^{3}+\cdots \\
E= & m c^{2}
\end{align*}
$$

## How breqn works

- Categorizing math symbols into classes
- Spacing classes - same as $T_{E X}$.
- Breaking classes. Left delimiters and right delimiters should act differently.
- Making every math character a macro: \mathcode"8000


## What about amsmath, memoir, you name it?

Many small bug fixes to make it not break everything else, so...

- Good news! It works with amsmath.
- And memoir.
- And most other things.
- But beware of catcodes!


## Problems in use

- Not all environments work as advertised
- Lacking QED support
- Interference with other packages changing document catcodes.
- Lacking proper manual overrides.


## Tag placement

The tag placement is currently not exactly as desired.

- The original implementation would center tag vertically

$$
\begin{equation*}
k=\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2}{3} \pi}} \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

- New algorithm tries to be a little smarter

$$
\begin{equation*}
k=\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2}{3} \pi}} \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

- However, this is a little more complicated...


## The line breaking

- It works most of the time
- But can occasionally produce sub-optimal results
- The algorithm just isn't perfect.
- Needs an inspection/more detailed specification.
- Why do everything yourself? The new version of Presentation MathML contains many ideas as to how to do this.
- Get it to work properly with the paragraph shapes within Latex.


## Implementing the line breaking

- Currently spaghetti code
- Needs to be rewritten into a more functional/readable style
- This ought to ease maintenance!
- And also porting to other languages.


## Unicode

- Difficult!
- Many things have to change under the hood
- But don't worry - it's already been done in the development version


## Accessibility

- Also difficult!
- But since breqn reflows a math expression...
- Let's add pdf tagging!
- Hope to commence this work soon.


## Other nice things to have

- Breaking of binary operators in Slavic style
- Automatic ligatures sin $\rightarrow$ sin.
- Automatic scaling of delimiters, i.e., do what nath does.
- In short: To make it simple for the user!
- And that it doesn't break other packages.

